- (i) Inspecting the baghouse for air leaks, torn or broken filter elements, or any other malfunction that may cause an increase in emissions;
- (ii) Sealing off defective bags or filter media:
- (iii) Replacing defective bags or filter media, or otherwise repairing the control device;
- (iv) Sealing off a defective baghouse compartment:
- (v) Cleaning the bag leak detection system probe, or otherwise repairing the bag leak detection system; or
 - (vi) Shutting down the combustor.

§ 63.1207 What are the performance testing requirements?

- (a) *General*. The provisions of §63.7 apply, except as noted below.
- (b) Types of performance tests—(1) Comprehensive performance test. You must conduct comprehensive performance tests to demonstrate compliance with the emission standards provided by §§ 63.1203, 63.1204, and 63.1205, establish limits for the operating parameters provided by §63.1209, and demonstrate compliance with the performance specifications for continuous monitoring systems.
- (2) Confirmatory performance test. You must conduct confirmatory performance tests to:
- (i) Demonstrate compliance with the dioxin/furan emission standard when the source operates under normal operating conditions; and
- (ii) Conduct a performance evaluation of continuous monitoring systems required for compliance assurance with the dioxin/furan emission standard under §63.1209(k).
- (c) Initial comprehensive performance test—(1) Test date. Except as provided by paragraph (c)(2) of this section, you must commence the initial comprehensive performance test not later than six months after the compliance date.
- (2) Data in lieu of the initial comprehensive performance test. (i) You may request that previous emissions test data serve as documentation of conformance with the emission standards of this subpart provided that the previous testing was:
 - (A) Initiated after March 30, 1998;
- (B) For the purpose of demonstrating emissions under a RCRA permit

- issuance or reissuance proceeding under part 270 of this chapter;
- (C) In conformance with the requirements of paragraph (g)(1) of this section; and
- (D) Sufficient to establish the applicable operating parameter limits under §63.1209.
- (ii) You must submit data in lieu of the initial comprehensive performance test in lieu of (i.e., if the data are in lieu of all performance testing) or with the notification of performance test required under paragraph (e) of this section.
- (d) Frequency of testing. You must conduct testing periodically as prescribed in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section. The date of commencement of the initial comprehensive performance test is the basis for establishing the deadline to commence the initial confirmatory performance test and the next comprehensive performance test. You may conduct performance testing at any time prior to the required date. The deadline for commencing subsequent confirmatory and comprehensive performance testing is based on the date of commencement of the previous comprehensive performance test. Unless the Administrator grants a time extension under paragraph (i) of this section, you must conduct testing as follows:
- (1) Comprehensive performance testing. You must commence testing no later than 61 months after the date of commencing the previous comprehensive performance test. If you submit data in lieu of the initial performance test, you must commence the subsequent comprehensive performance test within 61 months of the date six months after the compliance date.
- (2) Confirmatory performance testing. You must commence confirmatory performance testing no later than 31 months after the date of commencing the previous comprehensive performance test. If you submit data in lieu of the initial performance test, you must commence the initial confirmatory performance test within 31 months of the date six months after the compliance date. To ensure that the confirmatory test is conducted approximately midway between comprehensive performance tests, the Administrator will

not approve a test plan that schedules testing within 18 months of commencing the previous comprehensive performance test.

- (3) Duration of testing. You must complete performance testing within 60 days after the date of commencement, unless the Administrator determines that a time extension is warranted based on your documentation in writing of factors beyond your control that prevent you from meeting the 60-day deadline.
- (e) Notification of performance test and CMS performance evaluation, and approval of test plan and CMS performance evaluation plan. (1) The provisions of §63.7(b) and (c) and §63.8(e) apply, except:
- (i) Comprehensive performance test. You must submit to the Administrator a notification of your intention to conduct a comprehensive performance test and CMS performance evaluation and a site-specific test plan and CMS performance evaluation plan at least one year before the performance test and performance evaluation are scheduled to begin.
- (A) The Administrator will notify you of approval or intent to deny approval of the test plan and CMS performance evaluation plan within 9 months after receipt of the original plan.
- (B) You must submit to the Administrator a notification of your intention to conduct the comprehensive performance test at least 60 calendar days before the test is scheduled to begin.
- (ii) Confirmatory performance test. You must submit to the Administrator a notification of your intention to conduct a confirmatory performance test and CMS performance evaluation and a test plan and CMS performance evaluation plan at least 60 calendar days before the performance test is scheduled to begin. The Administrator will notify you of approval or intent to deny approval of the test and CMS performance evaluation plans within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original plans.
- (2) After the Administrator has approved the test and CMS performance evaluation plans, you must make the plans available to the public for review. You must issue a public notice

announcing the approval of the plans and the location where the plans are available for review.

- (f) Content of performance test plan. The provisions of $\S\S63.7(c)(2)(i)$ -(iii) and (v) regarding the content of the test plan apply. In addition, you must include the following information in the test plan:
- (1) Content of comprehensive performance test plan. (i) An analysis of each feedstream, including hazardous waste, other fuels, and industrial furnace feedstocks, as fired, that includes:
- (A) Heating value, levels of ash (for hazardous waste incinerators only), levels of semivolatile metals, low volatile metals, mercury, and total chlorine (organic and inorganic); and
- (B) Viscosity or description of the physical form of the feedstream;
- (ii) For organic hazardous air pollutants established by 42 U.S.C. 7412(b)(1), excluding caprolactam (CAS number 105602) as provided by §63.60:
- (A) An identification of such organic hazardous air pollutants that are present in the feedstream, except that you need not analyze for organic hazardous air pollutants that would reasonably not be expected to be found in the feedstream. You must identify any constituents you exclude from analysis and explain the basis for excluding them. You must conduct feedstream analysis according §63.1208(g);
- (B) An approximate quantification of such identified organic hazardous air pollutants in the feedstreams, within the precision produced by the analytical procedures of §63.1208(g); and
- (C) A description of blending procedures, if applicable, prior to firing the feedstream, including a detailed analysis of the materials prior to blending, and blending ratios;
- (iii) A detailed engineering description of the hazardous waste combustor, including:
- (A) Manufacturer's name and model number of the hazardous waste combustor;
- (B) Type of hazardous waste combustor;
- (C) Maximum design capacity in appropriate units;
- (D) Description of the feed system for each feedstream;

- (E) Capacity of each feed system;
- (F) Description of automatic hazardous waste feed cutoff system(s);
- (G) Description of the design, operation, and maintenance practices for any air pollution control system; and
- (H) Description of the design, operation, and maintenance practices of any stack gas monitoring and pollution control monitoring systems;
- (iv) A detailed description of sampling and monitoring procedures including sampling and monitoring locations in the system, the equipment to be used, sampling and monitoring frequency, and planned analytical procedures for sample analysis;
- (v) A detailed test schedule for each hazardous waste for which the performance test is planned, including date(s), duration, quantity of hazardous waste to be burned, and other relevant factors:
- (vi) A detailed test protocol, including, for each hazardous waste identified, the ranges of hazardous waste feedrate for each feed system, and, as appropriate, the feedrates of other fuels and feedstocks, and any other relevant parameters that may affect the ability of the hazardous waste combustor to meet the emission standards;
- (vii) A description of, and planned operating conditions for, any emission control equipment that will be used;
- (viii) Procedures for rapidly stopping the hazardous waste feed and controlling emissions in the event of an equipment malfunction;
- (ix) A determination of the hazardous waste residence time:
- (x) If you are requesting to extrapolate metal feedrate limits from comprehensive performance test levels:
- (A) A description of the extrapolation methodology and rationale for how the approach ensures compliance with the emission standards;
- (B) Documentation of the historical range of normal (*i.e.*, other than during compliance testing) metals feedrates for each feedstream;
- (C) Documentation that the level of spiking recommended during the performance test will mask sampling and analysis imprecision and inaccuracy to the extent that extrapolation of feedrates and emission rates from per-

formance test data will be as accurate and precise as if full spiking were used;

- (xi) If you do not continuously monitor regulated constituents in natural gas, process air feedstreams, and feedstreams from vapor recovery systems, you must include documentation of the expected levels of regulated constituents in those feedstreams;
- (xii) Documentation justifying the duration of system conditioning required to ensure the combustor has achieved steady-state operations under performance test operating conditions, as provided by paragraph (g)(1)(iii) of this section; and
- (xiii) Such other information as the Administrator reasonably finds necessary to determine whether to approve the performance test plan.
- (2) Content of confirmatory test plan.
 (i) A description of your normal hydrocarbon or carbon monoxide operating levels, as specified in paragraph (g)(2)(i) of this section, and an explanation of how these normal levels were determined;
- (ii) A description of your normal applicable operating parameter levels, as specified in paragraph (g)(2)(ii) of this section, and an explanation of how these normal levels were determined;
- (iii) A description of your normal chlorine operating levels, as specified in paragraph (g)(2)(iii) of this section, and an explanation of how these normal levels were determined;
- (iv) If you use carbon injection or a carbon bed, a description of your normal cleaning cycle of the particulate matter control device, as specified in paragraph (g)(2)(iv) of this section, and an explanation of how these normal levels were determined;
- (v) A detailed description of sampling and monitoring procedures including sampling and monitoring locations in the system, the equipment to be used, sampling and monitoring frequency, and planned analytical procedures for sample analysis;
- (vi) A detailed test schedule for each hazardous waste for which the performance test is planned, including date(s), duration, quantity of hazardous waste to be burned, and other relevant factors:

- (vii) A detailed test protocol, including, for each hazardous waste identified, the ranges of hazardous waste feedrate for each feed system, and, as appropriate, the feedrates of other fuels and feedstocks, and any other relevant parameters that may affect the ability of the hazardous waste combustor to meet the dioxin/furan emission standard:
- (viii) A description of, and planned operating conditions for, any emission control equipment that will be used;
- (ix) Procedures for rapidly stopping the hazardous waste feed and controlling emissions in the event of an equipment malfunction; and
- (x) Such other information as the Administrator reasonably finds necessary to determine whether to approve the confirmatory test plan.
- (g) Operating conditions during testing. You must comply with the provisions of §63.7(e). Conducting performance testing under operating conditions representative of the extreme range of normal conditions is consistent with the requirement of §63.7(e)(1) to conduct performance testing under representative operating conditions.
- (1) Comprehensive performance testing—(i) Operations during testing. For the following parameters, you must operate the combustor during the performance test under normal conditions (or conditions that will result in higher than normal emissions):
- (A) *Chlorine feedrate.* You must feed normal (or higher) levels of chlorine during the dioxin/furan performance test
- (B) Ash feedrate. For hazardous waste incinerators, you must conduct the following tests when feeding normal (or higher) levels of ash: The semivolatile metal and low volatile metal performance tests; and the dioxin/furan and mercury performance tests if activated carbon injection or a carbon bed is used; and
- (C) Cleaning cycle of the particulate matter control device. You must conduct the following tests when the particulate matter control device undergoes its normal (or more frequent) cleaning cycle: The particulate matter, semivolatile metal, and low volatile metal performance tests; and the dioxin/furan and mercury performance

tests if activated carbon injection or a carbon bed is used.

- (ii) Modes of operation. Given that you must establish limits for the applicable operating parameters specified in §63.1209 based on operations during the comprehensive performance test, you may conduct testing under two or more operating modes to provide operating flexibility.
- (iii) Steady-state conditions. (A) Prior to obtaining performance test data, you must operate under performance test conditions until you reach steadystate operations with respect to emissions of pollutants you must measure during the performance test and operating parameters under §63.1209 for which you must establish limits. During system conditioning, you must ensure that each operating parameter for which you must establish a limit is held at the level planned for the performance test. You must include documentation in the performance test plan under paragraph (f) of this section justifying the duration of system conditioning.
- (B) If you own or operate a hazardous waste cement kiln that recycles collected particulate matter (i.e., cement kiln dust) into the kiln, you must sample and analyze the recycled particulate matter prior to obtaining performance test data for levels of selected metals that must be measured during performance testing to document that the system has reached steady-state conditions (i.e., that metals levels have stabilized). You must document the rationale for selecting metals that are indicative of system equilibrium and include the information in the performance test plan under paragraph (f) of this section. To determine system equilibrium, you must sample and analyze the recycled particulate matter hourly for each selected metal, unless you submit in the performance test plan a justification for reduced sampling and analysis and the Administrator approves in writing a reduced sampling and analysis frequency.
- (2) Confirmatory performance testing. You must conduct confirmatory performance testing for dioxin/furan under normal operating conditions for the following parameters:

- (i) Carbon monoxide (or hydrocarbon) CEMS emission levels must be within the range of the average value to the maximum value allowed. The average value is defined as the sum of the hourly rolling average values recorded (each minute) over the previous 12 months divided by the number of rolling averages recorded during that time;
- (ii) Each operating limit (specified in §63.1209) established to maintain compliance with the dioxin/furan emission standard must be held within the range of the average value over the previous 12 months and the maximum or minimum, as appropriate, that is allowed. The average value is defined as the sum of the rolling average values recorded over the previous 12 months divided by the number of rolling averages recorded during that time. The average value must not include calibration data, malfunction data, and data obtained when not burning hazardous waste:
- (iii) You must feed chlorine at normal feedrates or greater; and (iv) If the combustor is equipped with carbon injection or carbon bed, normal cleaning cycle of the particulate matter control device.
- (h) Operating conditions during subsequent testing. (1) Current operating parameter limits established under §63.1209 are waived during subsequent comprehensive performance testing under an approved test plan.
- (2) Current operating parameter limits are also waived during pretesting prescribed in the approved test plan prior to comprehensive performance testing for an aggregate time not to exceed 720 hours of operation. Pretesting means:
- (i) Operations when stack emissions testing for dioxin/furan, mercury, semivolatile metals, low volatile metals, particulate matter, or hydrochloric acid/chlorine gas is being performed; and
- (ii) Operations to reach steady-state operating conditions prior to stack emissions testing under paragraph (g)(1)(iii) of this section.
- (i) Time extension for subsequent performance tests. After the initial comprehensive performance test, you may request up to a one-year time extension for conducting a comprehensive or

- confirmatory performance test to consolidate performance testing with other state or federally required emission testing, or for other reasons deemed acceptable by the Administrator. If the Administrator grants a time extension for a comprehensive performance test, the deadlines for commencing the next comprehensive and confirmatory tests are based on the date that the subject comprehensive performance test commences.
- (1) You must submit in writing to the Administrator any request under this paragraph for a time extension for conducting a performance test.
- (2) You must include in the request for an extension for conducting a performance test the following:
- (i) A description of the reasons for requesting the time extension;
- (ii) The date by which you will commence performance testing.
- (3) The Administrator will notify you in writing of approval or intention to deny approval of your request for an extension for conducting a performance test within 30 calendar days after receipt of sufficient information to evaluate your request. The 30-day approval or denial period will begin after you have been notified in writing that your application is complete. The Administrator will notify you in writing whether the application contains sufficient information to make a determination within 30 calendar days after receipt of the original application and within 30 calendar days after receipt of any supplementary information that vou submit.
- (4) When notifying you that your application is not complete, the Administrator will specify the information needed to complete the application. The Administrator will also provide notice of opportunity for you to present, in writing, within 30 calendar days after notification of the incomplete application, additional information or arguments to the Administrator to enable further action on the application.
- (5) Before denying any request for an extension for performance testing, the Administrator will notify you in writing of the Administrator's intention to issue the denial, together with:

- (i) Notice of the information and findings on which the intended denial is based; and
- (ii) Notice of opportunity for you to present in writing, within 15 calendar days after notification of the intended denial, additional information or arguments to the Administrator before further action on the request.
- (6) The Administrator's final determination to deny any request for an extension will be in writing and will set forth specific grounds upon which the denial is based. The final determination will be made within 30 calendar days after the presentation of additional information or argument (if the application is complete), or within 30 calendar days after the final date specified for the presentation if no presentation is made.
- (j) Notification of compliance—(1) Comprehensive performance test. (i) Except as provided by paragraph (j)(4) of this section, within 90 days of completion of a comprehensive performance test, you must postmark a Notification of Compliance documenting compliance or noncompliance with the emission standards and continuous monitoring system requirements, and identifying operating parameter limits under §3.1209.
- (ii) Upon postmark of the Notification of Compliance, you must comply with all operating requirements specified in the Notification of Compliance in lieu of the limits specified in the Documentation of Compliance required under §63.1211(d).
- (2) Confirmatory performance test. Except as provided by paragraph (j)(4) of this section, within 90 days of completion of a confirmatory performance test, you must postmark a Notification of Compliance documenting compliance or noncompliance with the applicable dioxin/furan emission standard.
- (3) See §§63.7(g), 63.9(h), and 63.1210(d) for additional requirements pertaining to the Notification of Compliance (e.g., you must include results of performance tests in the Notification of Compliance).
- (4) Time extension. You may submit a written request to the Administrator for a time extension documenting that, for reasons beyond your control, you may not be able to meet the 90-day

- deadline for submitting the Notification of Compliance after completion of testing. The Administrator will determine whether a time extension is warranted.
- (k) Failure to submit a timely notification of compliance. (1) If you fail to postmark a Notification of Compliance by the specified date, you must cease hazardous waste burning immediately.
- (2) Prior to submitting a revised Notification of Compliance as provided by paragraph (k)(3) of this section, you may burn hazardous waste only for the purpose of pretesting or comprehensive performance testing and only for a maximum of 720 hours (renewable at the discretion of the Administrator).
- (3) You must submit to the Administrator a Notification of Compliance subsequent to a new comprehensive performance test before resuming hazardous waste burning.
- (l) Failure of performance test—(1) Comprehensive performance test. (i) If you determine (based on CEM recordings, results of analyses of stack samples, or results of CMS performance evaluations) that you have exceeded any emission standard during a comprehensive performance test for a mode of operation, you must cease hazardous waste burning immediately under that mode of operation. You must make this determination within 90 days following completion of the performance test.
- (ii) If you have failed to demonstrate compliance with the emission standards for any mode of operation:
- (A) Prior to submitting a revised Notification of Compliance as provided by paragraph (l)(l)(ii)(C) of this section, you may burn hazardous waste only for the purpose of pretesting or comprehensive performance testing under revised operating conditions, and only for a maximum of 720 hours (renewable at the discretion of the Administrator), except as provided by paragraph (l)(3) of this section;
- (B) You must conduct a comprehensive performance test under revised operating conditions following the requirements for performance testing of this section; and
- (C) You must submit to the Administrator a Notification of Compliance subsequent to the new comprehensive performance test.

- (2) Confirmatory performance test. If you determine (based on CEM recordings, results of analyses of stack samples, or results of CMS performance evaluations) that you have failed the dioxin/furan emission standard during a confirmatory performance test, you must cease burning hazardous waste immediately. You must make this determination within 90 days following completion of the performance test. To burn hazardous waste in the future:
- (i) You must submit to the Administrator for review and approval a test plan to conduct a comprehensive performance test to identify revised limits on the applicable dioxin/furan operating parameters specified in §63.1209(k);
- (ii) You must submit to the Administrator a Notification of Compliance with the dioxin/furan emission standard under the provisions of paragraphs (j) and (k) of this section and this paragraph (l). You must include in the Notification of Compliance the revised limits on the applicable dioxin/furan operating parameters specified in §63.1209(k); and
- (iii) Until the Notification of Compliance is submitted, you must not burn hazardous waste except for purposes of pretesting or confirmatory performance testing, and for a maximum of 720 hours (renewable at the discretion of the Administrator), except as provided by paragraph (l)(3) of this section.
- (3) You may petition the Administrator to obtain written approval to burn hazardous waste in the interim prior to submitting a Notification of Compliance for purposes other than testing or pretesting. You must specify operating requirements, including limits on operating parameters, that you determine will ensure compliance with the emission standards of this subpart based on available information including data from the failed performance test. The Administrator will review, modify as necessary, and approve if warranted the interim operating requirements. An approval of interim operating requirements will include a schedule for submitting a Notification of Compliance.
- (m) Waiver of performance test. (1) The waiver provision of this paragraph ap-

- plies in addition to the provisions of $\S63.7(h)$.
- (2) You are not required to conduct performance tests to document compliance with the mercury, semivolatile metal, low volatile metal or hydrochloric acid/chlorine gas emission standards under the conditions specified below. You are deemed to be in compliance with an emission standard if the twelve-hour rolling average maximum theoretical emission concentration (MTEC) determined as specified below does not exceed the emission standard:
- (i) Determine the feedrate of mercury, semivolatile metals, low volatile metals, or total chlorine and chloride from all feedstreams;
- (ii) Determine the stack gas flowrate; and
- (iii) Calculate a MTEC for each standard assuming all mercury, semivolatile metals, low volatile metals, or total chlorine (organic and inorganic) from all feedstreams is emitted;
- (3) To document compliance with this provision, you must:
- (i) Monitor and record the feedrate of mercury, semivolatile metals, low volatile metals, and total chlorine and chloride from all feedstreams according to §63.1209(c);
- (ii) Monitor with a CMS and record in the operating record the gas flowrate (either directly or by monitoring a surrogate parameter that you have correlated to gas flowrate);
- (iii) Continuously calculate and record in the operating record the MTEC under the procedures of paragraph (m)(2) of this section; and
- (iv) Interlock the MTEC calculated in paragraph (m)(2)(iii) of this section to the AWFCO system to stop hazardous waste burning when the MTEC exceeds the emission standard.
- (4) In lieu of the requirement in paragraphs (m)(3)(iii) and (iv) of this section, you may:
- (i) Identify in the notification of compliance a minimum gas flowrate limit and a maximum feedrate limit of mercury, semivolatile metals, low volatile metals, and/or total chlorine and chloride from all feedstreams that ensures the MTEC as calculated in paragraph (m)(2)(iii) of this section is

below the applicable emission standard; and

- (ii) Interlock the minimum gas flowrate limit and maximum feedrate limit in paragraph (m)(3)(iv) of this section to the AWFCO system to stop hazardous waste burning when the gas flowrate or mercury, semivolatile metals, low volatile metals, and/or total chlorine and chloride feedrate exceeds the limit in paragraph (m)(4)(i) of this section.
- (5) When you determine the feedrate of mercury, semivolatile metals, low volatile metals, or total chlorine and chloride for purposes of this provision, except as provided by paragraph (m)(6) of this section, you must assume that the analyte is present at the full detection limit when the feedstream analysis determines that the analyte is not detected in the feedstream.
- (6) Owners and operators of hazardous waste burning cement kilns and lightweight aggregate kilns may assume that mercury is present in raw material at half the detection limit when the raw material feedstream analysis determines that mercury is not detected.
- (7) You must state in the site-specific test plan that you submit for review and approval under paragraph (e) of this section that you intend to comply with the provisions of this paragraph. You must include in the test plan documentation that any surrogate that is proposed for gas flowrate adequately correlates with the gas flowrate.
- (n) Feedrate limits for nondetectable constituents. (1) You must establish separate semivolatile metal, low volatile metal, mercury, and total chlorine (organic and inorganic), and/or ash feedrate limits for each feedstream for which the comprehensive performance test feedstream analysis determines that these constituents are not present at detectable levels.
- (2) You must define the feedrate limits established under paragraph (n)(1) of this section as nondetect at the full detection limit achieved during the performance test.
- (3) You will not be deemed to be in violation of the feedrate limit established in paragraph (n)(2) of this section when detectable levels of the constituent are measured, whether at lev-

els above or below the full detection limit achieved during the performance test, provided that:

- (i) Your total feedrate for that constituent, including the detectable levels in the feedstream which is limited to nondetect levels, is below your feedrate limit for that constituent; or
- (ii) Except for ash, your maximum theoretical emission concentration (MTEC) for the constituent (*i.e.*, semivolatile metal, low volatile metal, mercury, and/or hydrochloric acid/chlorine gas) calculated according to paragraph (m) of this section, and considering the contribution from all feedstreams including the detectable levels in the feedstream which is limited to nondetect levels, is below the emission standard in §§63.1203, 63.1204, and 63.1205.

§63.1208 What are the test methods?

- (a) References. When required in subpart EEE of this part, the following publication is incorporated by reference, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846 Third Edition (November 1986), as amended by Updates I (July 1992), II (September 1994), IIA (August 1993), IIB (January 1995), and III (December 1996). The Third Edition of SW-846 and Updates I, II, IIA, IIB, and III (document number 955-001-00000-1) are available for the Superintendent of Document, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, (202) 512-1800. Copies of the Third Edition and its updates are also available from the National Technical Information Services (NTIS), 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161, (703) 487-4650. Copies may be inspected at the Library, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., Suite 700, Washington, DC.
- (b) *Test methods.* You must use the following test methods to determine compliance with the emissions standards of this subpart:
- (1) Dioxins and furans. (i) You must use Method 0023A, Sampling Method for Polychlorinated Dibenzo-p-Dioxins and Polychlorinated Dibenzofurans emissions from Stationary Sources,